

Methodology:

Computing a clearance rate requires a count of incoming cases and outgoing cases during a given time period example yearly or quarterly.

A high clearance rate indicate a higher disposal rate of cases.

1. Incoming Cases

Incoming cases consist of cases being carried forward from any particular year, and new cases registered in 2022. Cases with these type of case status are calculated into incoming cases; *Active and Adjourned Sine Die.*

Incoming cases are inclusive of all types of court from Court of Appeal to Magistrates Court in both civil and criminal cases.

2. Outgoing Cases

Outgoing cases consist of cases disposed in 2022 with this type of case status; Judgment entered and File Closed.

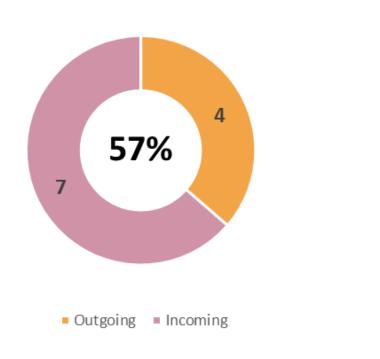
The type of cases calculated in outgoing cases are similar with incoming cases which include all type of court in civil and criminal case types.

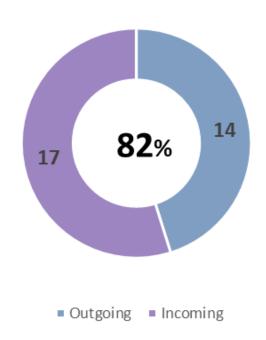
The Clearance rate is calculated:

$$\frac{Outgoing\ Cases}{Incoming\ Cases} \times 100\%$$

COURT OF APPEAL

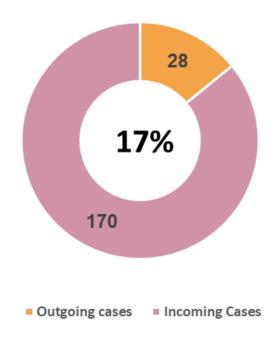
COURT OF APPEAL CIVIL CASES COURT OF APPEAL CRIMINAL CASES



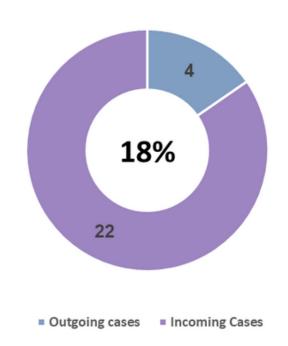


HIGH COURT

HIGH COURT CIVIL SUIT



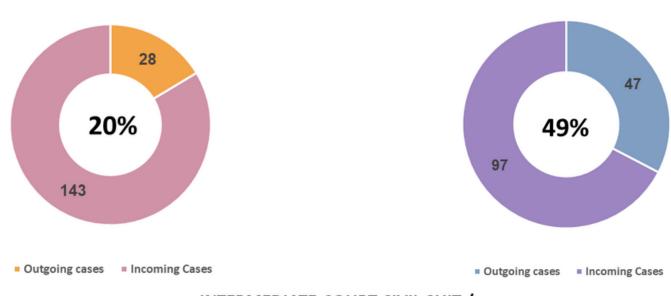
HIGH COURT CRIMINAL TRIAL



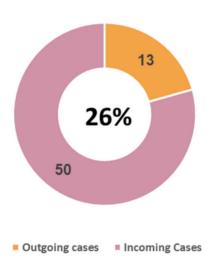
INTERMEDIATE COURT

INTERMEDIATE COURT CIVIL SUIT

INTERMEDIATE COURT CRIMINAL TRIAL

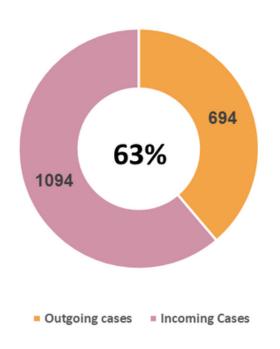


INTERMEDIATE COURT CIVIL SUIT / COMMERICAL



MAGISTRATE COURT

MAGISTRATES COURT CIVIL SUIT



MAGISTRATES COURT CRIMINAL TRIAL

